1	Lichens are plants that grow on rocks or tree bark. They absorb rainwater in order to grow. Air pollutants dissolved in rainwater can damage lichens, and prevent them from growing well.			
	Lichens are therefore good indicators for levels of air pollution.			
1 (a) (i)	Name the pollutant that dissolves in rain water to causes damage to lichens. [1 mark]			
1 (a) (ii)	Invertebrates that live in water can also be used as pollution indicators.			
	Give an advantage and a disadvantage of using invertebrates as indicators of water pollution. [2 marks]			
	Advantage			
	Disadvantage			
1 (a) (iii) The table shows the type of invertebrates and their tolerance to pollution.				

Table 1

Group	Examples of invertebrates	Tolerance to pollution	
1	Mayfly Nymph, Caddisfly Larva, Riffle Beetle	Low	
2	Sowbug, Cranefly, Mussel	Moderate	
3	Midge Larva, Leech, Planaria	High Very high	
4	Blood worm, Aquatic worms, Rat-tailed maggot		

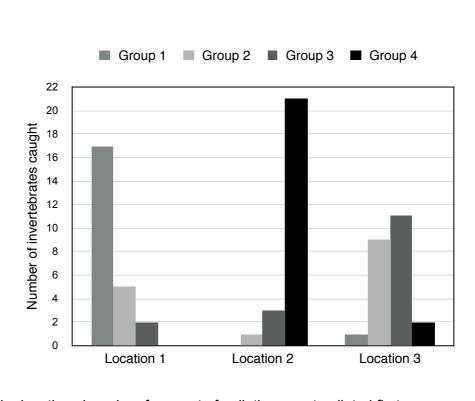
A high tolerance to pollution indicates a species that can live in polluted water.

A stream was sampled in three locations to determine the level of pollution in the water using **Table 1** above.

The number of each group of invertebrates was recorded and a graph produced of the results.

The graph is shown below.

This question continues on the next page



	Fnd	
		Total 7 marks)
	Suggest one change in the environment, other than pollution, that would a population size of a species.	iffect the [1 mark]
1 (b)	The population size of any species may be affected by changes in the env	
	Give reasons for the order of location in your previous answer.	[2 marks]
	Least polluted	
	Most polluted	
Plac	e the locations in order of amount of pollution, most polluted first	[1 mark]

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